An unusual localization of cyst hydatidosis associated with cardiac hydatid disease

Hidatik kistin alışılmadık lokalizasyonu ve kardiyak kist hidatikle beraberliği

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A 50-year-old woman was admitted to our clinic for surgical removal of cardiac hydatid cyst. Before the admission, she had been referred to other clinic with signs and complaints of a large mass in the medial aspect of the left upper leg and severe pain. A multiloculated hydatid cyst between the iliopsoas and pectineus muscle had been diagnosed using an ultrasonography and magnetic resonance imaging (MRI). Magnetic resonance images demonstrated a well-defined cystic mass containing a few round lesions. The mother cyst had a thin, low-signal intensity rim on T1 and T2 weighted sequences. The daughter cyst exhibited a very low signal on T1-weighted images. Indirect hemagglutination and Western-Blot tests for echinococcus antibodies were also positive. After the diagnosis, albendazole 10 mg/kg daily for three months had been given immediately. At the follow-up, the symptoms disappeared and the MRI confirmed that the amount of the cystic lesions have decreased and





Figure 1. Sagittal T2 weighted magnetic resonance imaging of left upper leg demonstrates a regressed and calcified hydatid cyst in muscle two months after albendazole treatment

Figure 2. The echocardiographic image demonstrates cardiac hydatid cyst, 1.9x1.3 cm in size, located in interventricular septum (Arrowhead)



Figure 3. Thoracal computed tomography demonstrating a cystic lesion located in interventricular septum (Arrowhead)

Address for Correspondence: Ömer Faruk Doğan, MD, Birlik mahallesi 59.sokak 9/1, 06670 Çankaya, Ankara, Turkey Tel.: +90 312 495 68 98 Fax: +90 312 311 73 77 E-Mail: ofdogan@hacettepe.edu.tr became calcified (Fig. 1). But, transthoracic echocardiography and chest computed tomography revealed a cardiac hydatid cyst, 19x13 mm in size, originated from the interventricular septum (Fig. 2 and Fig. 3). Therefore, the patient underwent operation for removal of hydatid cyst in interventricular septum. We prescribed albendazole 10 mgr/kg daily for three months to prevent recurrence postoperatively. This case emphasizes that in endemic areas with high occurrence of hydatid infestation, physicians should have a high index of suspicion when patients present with slowly growing cystic mass in musculoskeletal system. The preoperative workup including ultrasonography, transthoracic echocardiography, and total body computed tomography must be performed routinely as we show in this case.

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